



**Mahila Vikas Sanstha's**

**INDRAPRASTHA NEW ARTS  
COMMERCE & SCIENCE  
COLLEGE,** AT POST NALWADI, DIST. WARDHA (M.S.)

**Accredited 'B' by NAAC**

Approved by government  
of Maharashtra

Affiliated to Rashtrasant Tukadoji  
Maharaj Nagpur University, Nagpur

Recognised by U.G.C New Delhi  
under section 2 (f) & 12 (b) of  
UGC act 1956

**M.Sc. Mathematics**  
**Subject: Mathematical Method**

- 1) Find the radius of convergent for the following power series:  
a)  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n! x^n$
- 2) For the differential equation  $y' + y = 1$ , find a power series solution of the form  $\sum a_n x^n$  and try to recognize the resulting series as the expansion of a familiar function. Also, verify your conclusion by solving the equation directly.
- 3) Theorem- Let  $x_0$  be an ordinary point of the differential equation:  $y'' + P(x)y' + Q(x)y = 0$
- 4) Find the general solution of  $y'' + y = 0$  in terms of power series in  $x$ . can you express this solution by means of elementary function?
- 5) Verify that the solution  $y'' + y' - xy = 0$  has a three term recursion formula, and find its series solution  $y_1(x)$  &  $y_2(x)$  such that (a)  $y_1(0) = 1$  (b)  $y_1'(0) = 0$
- 6) Find the indicial equation and its roots for the differential equation  $x^3 y'' + (\cos 2x - 1)y' + 2xy = 0$
- 7) For the following differential equation, locate and classify its singular points on the  $x$ -axis:
- 8) Bessel's equation of order zero  $x^2 y'' + xy' + x^2 y = 0$ . Show that its indicial equation has only one root, and corresponding Frobenius series solution is  $y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{2^n n!} x^{2n}$ .
- 9) Legendre's function of the first kind (or Legendre's polynomial of degree  $n$ ).
- 10) Show that all the roots of  $P_n(x) = 0$  are distinct.
- 11) Show that all the roots of  $P_n(x) = 0$  are not distinct must be wrong.
- 12) Show that  $P_n(1) = 1$  and  $P_n(-x) = (-1)^n P_n(x)$ . Hence or otherwise deduce that  $P_n(-1) = (-1)^n$ .
- 13) Determine the polynomials  $P_n(x)$  for  $n = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$
- 14) Find series of Legendre's polynomials for  $x^2$
- 15) Recurrence formula for the Legendre's polynomial  $P_n(x)$   
 $(2n+1)xP_n = (n+1)P_{n+1} + nP_{n-1}$ .
- 16)  $nP_n = xP_n' - P_{n-1}'$



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- 17) Orthogonality of Legendre's polynpmial.
- 18) Recurrence Formula for the Bessel's function  $j_n(x)$
- 19) For the differential equation  $y' + y = 1$ , find a power series solution of the form  $\sum a_n x^n$  and try to recognize the resulting series as the expansion of a familiar function. Also ,verify your conclusion by solving the equation directly.
- 20) Prove that  $J_n(x)=0$  has no repeated roots except at  $x=0$
- 21) Sectional or piecewise continuity.
- 22) Existence of Laplace Transform of  $f(t)$ .
- 23) Laplace Transform of Some Elementry Function.  $L\{1\}=1/s, s>0$
- 24) Properties of Laplace Transforms. A)Linearity Properties B)First Shifting .
- 25) Laplace Transform of Derivative of  $f(t)$ .
- 26) Laplace Transform of Integral of  $f(t)$ .
- 27) Laplace Transform of  $f(t)/t$  (Division by  $t$ )
- 28) Evaluate  $L\{t^2 \cos 2t\}$
- 29) Find the Laplace transform of the following functions  $t \sin at$ .
- 30) Evaluation of Integrals.
- 31) Unit step function.
- 32) Laplace Transform of Unit step function
- 33) Find the Laplace transform  $t^2 u(t-3)$
- 34) Define : Periodic Function.
- 35) Laplace transform of Bessel Function  $j_0(t)$  and  $j_1(t)$ .
- 36) Inverse Laplace Transforms.
- 37) Properties of Inverse Laplace Transforms.
- 38) Linearity Properties.
- 39) Explain Second shifting Property.
- 40) Find the Inverse Laplace transform of the following function.a) $s/s^2$